# MITSSTEROUT



An old Arguaintance

J. M. FERRES, EDITOR.

Let Justice preside and Candour investigate.

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## MISCELLANY.

#### VILLENUE.

BY L. W. TRASK. A Tale founded on real occurrences in

Paris.

And where his glance of anger darkly fell, Hope withered fled, and mercy sighed farewell.

'Marie,' said M. Villenue to his beautiful daughter, 'I despise you -I hate you ... I even hold in contempt the memory of the mother who bore you.'

Say not so, dear father,' replied the distressed girl, kneeling before him and weeping bitterly, 'do not utter such cruel words; my mother may have wronged you .... but she sleeps in the grave, impute not her crimes to me. I know my own heart, I have always been your dutiful

daughter.' Girl,' said the unfeeling Villenue, you are doomed....I have sworn it....for this purpose I have permitted you to live : I have watched your infancy with care that my revenge might be sweet; I have reared a beauteous flower, that I might pluck it from the stem, and cast it down to be trodden under foot. Every effort I have made to improve your mind, has sharpened the arrows that shall pierce your heart. You shall stoop to crime,you shall experience the hell of conscience ... the net is prepared and you cannot es-

I am deserted on earth. Father, do not sacrifice your child ... do not involve her in the awful, the dreadful consequences of crime,....impose any amount of suffering, pulse. ....any penance,....but do not, I implore you, leave me in the power of a cold, unfeeling

As she uttered this, she clung to the monster who meditated ber destruction. She raised her eyes imploringly to his, and understanding her fate, buried her the point to her breast.

'Marie,' said he roughly, the daughter must atone for the mother's transgressions, I have sworn it, do you remember the jewellers shop in the Rue St .... 'I do,' said the terrified girl.

'Then,' said the father, 'I require you to steal from that place a necklace of diamonds, worth a hundred thousand francs, or this sword shall do its duty.

the girl, raising her eyes at the same time retorted. ' trace me if you can.'

would be in vain, 'Choose,' said Villenue in the tone of a

pirate, choose.' ' Strike,' said Marie with firmness.

'Fool...fool,' he exclaimed with a contemptuous sneer, ' descendant of a brainless race...a servile spiritless crew...retire poor idiot.'

There is a point where endurance ceasders us triumphant over the most adverse girl out-general the whole regiment, you sought me ... ay, with tears besought me, circumstances. Marie rose tearless...the shall die spirit of her ancestors inspired her ...... and her black eyes flashed with just and honest

she exclaimed, 'I will convince you that but I will escape if, I can.' your charge is unfounded...furnish me Villenue drew his sword; Marie stam-

with a carriage.' The carriage came....Marie stepped in tered. -- and alighted in about an hour at the 'Villenue?' exclaimed the young duke gate of the 'Hospice de le Bicetre.' She of-, 'your daughter is mine,....her was disguised in a mask, and appeared devotion to you has delayed her acceptance her hold on existence. The deformed and to be a lady about thirty-five. The su- of my proposals of marriage: she owes unfitting tenement was yielding to the imperintendant came out and she said to no duties to you now, she leaves you for-

some love affair. I weep day and night They were married, the necklace was re- faltering tones of her sweet voice, 'I have me what I AM! within an hour .- Do be at the gate about prized by the society in which she better land, where no change or circum-

he would receive her son, and make eve. had secretly murdered his wife, to possess with more than manhood's beauty; and I. self-imposed penance. It was for no sin natives. ry exertion in his power to cure him...... an estate which he was to have at her She entered her carriage; and stepped in death. The continued remorse under love you.'

The jeweller had several, but she was nature of his transgressions. pleased with one which he valued at a hundred thousand Francs.

'Monsieur,' said she, 'will you be so

whole of it at once.'

The apparent gentility and honesty of ous route, they stopped at the gate of the hospice de le Bicetre.

The superintendant was there. Marie got out and whispered to him:

This is my son-remember he will speak of necklaces and diamonds-cure him if you can. To the young man she said:

'This is my husband, he will pay you the money-follow him.

She entered her carriage and drove off and the clerk followed the overseer into the abode of the insane.

ter a brief pause, 'I came to receive the erations. money for a necklace of diamonds.

' Necklace of diamonds,' repeated the overseer... but are you afraid of loosing your situation,' he continued, attempting to sound his patient.

not return immediately, I am certain of ' I understand you,' remarked the super-

intendant, ' necklace of diamonds, loss of your situation, that is the story to the letter.

francs and I will depart.'

'You shall be attended to,' replied

the youth sternly, 'I am on important and the tears of conscious purity extended business. I am not sick or insane, pay the to the erring and passionate of earth. money and let me go,'

tion, let us see, who bought these dia-

'I am not her husband; we will go and see your master.'

The superintendant accompanied the not be found.

'Suppose I did not get the neckl there,' remarked the daughter.

'The minister of Police shall be informed of the affair and'-

you hide stolen goods in your house.'

' Mon Dieu,' said the baffled villain, es,....there is a reaction that comes to our 'your time has come; you have called for aid on the very verge of despair, and ren- the execution of your sentence, shall one my friendship...my sympathy; but she be-

> ' M. Villenue,' said the maiden sternly, 'should you harbor malice against me for more in the busy tide of being, and ambithe alleged crimes of my mother, you have tion entered into my soul. Wealth came casting away of mine eternal soul!

ever.

' Monsieur I have a son laboring under Cowardice is always connected with convenient, I will bring him to you of the daughter of Villenue, were highly the soul will return to that promised and redemption. moved.

I presume you would prefer receiving the past...back to the dim and sepulchred iniages of departed time-opening anew the

the lady, caused the jeweller to acquiesce in this arrangement,....Marie took the necklace....the young man got into the carriage with her, and after taking a circuit-sent is dark with anguish, and the future gladdened by no sun-bow of anticipation, I invoke thy spell of power. Unroll before me the chart of vanished hours; let

shadow!

I am an old man. The friends of my youth are gone from me. Some have perished on the deep, others on the battlefield, afar off in a land of strangers : and many—very many, have been gathered near me, quietly to the old church-yard of our native village. They have left me alone ... even as the last survivor of a fallen forest-Well,'—remarked the young man af-tra brief pause. 'I came to receive the erations. The chains which once bound me to existence have been broken-Ambition, Avarice, Pride, even all that wakes seen the glorious sun descend, but followinto power the intolerable thirst of mind. ed still its rolling course through the re-But there are some milder thoughts...some gions of illimitable space. I have shiverbrighter passages in the dream of my be-'I am,' replied the youth, 'if I do ing, yet living at the fountain of memory- north, and fainted beneath the sultry skies linked by a thousand tender associations to

upward like the incense of flowers upon dering, 'I may well look to heaven...for clerk, 'pay me the hundred thousand and so unlike to earth. Yet she was not ment. I howled, under the sharp, pinch the comparative civilization which prevailcapacities of an unbodied spirit, there was the overseer; 'here, let me feel your something more than woman's meekness in her demeanour. It was the condescen-'I will not be trifled with,' exclaimed sion of a seraph intellect-the forgiveness

> She was not a being to love with an 'I understand you,' answered the over- earthly affection. Her person had no harseer, 'but stay, there may be imposimony with her mind. It bore no resemblance to those beautiful forms which glide before the eyes of romance in the shadowy

Marie stepped into her father's room, lovely ones around me...creatures of smiles Sighs, I breathed not. They would have reserve, and after eating the bread with apand cast the sparkling necklace on the car- and blushes; soft tones and melting glan- heaved from my bursting heart some of parent relish, and looking at it as if en-Steal a necklace of diamonds! repeated pet. 'Descendant of a brainless race,' she ces. But their beauty made no lasting im that misery, which loaded it to anguish. deavouring to bring something to his re-'I will go to the jeweller, in the Rue tellectual love...a yearning after something mon luxury of the common wretched, to of delight glowing in his face, 'Bread l' look convinced her that farther entreaties St. —, and have you arrested,' muttered invisible and holy...something above the lose, in its sweet oblivion, its brief forget-

mysteries of mind. the thronged circle of gaiety and fashion... to speak no more of love. I obeyed her. I fled from her presence. I mingled once 'Fool...idiot, did you say M. Villenue,' attempted vengeance; you may succeed, upon me unexpectedly; and the voice of

> my dreams. She was dying. Consumption, pale, pulses of the soul. Clasping her wasted

good as to send your clerk home with me blessed as a dream of heaven to the pure green young willows. I have stood there dier of Christ; and it was sanctified by a and my husband will pay him the money in spirit—haunter and accuser of the guil-

Devoted girl! thy beautiful spirit hath never abandoned me in my weary pilgrimage. Gently and soothingly thou comest to watch over my sleeping pillow, to cheer me amidst the trials of humanity, to mingle thy heavenly sympathies with my joys and sorrows, and to make thy mild reprovings known and felt in the darker moments me gaze once more on their sunlight and of existence; in the tempest of passion, and the bitterness of crime. Even now, in the awful calm which precedes the last change in my being: in the cold shadow which now stretches from the grave to the presence of the living, I feel that thou art

Thyself a pure and sainted one, Watching the loved and frail of earth.'

FITZMAURICE THE MAGICIAN.

· I have lived three hundred years ! In that time-in all that time, I have never ed on the frozen mountains of the icy thoughts pure as angelic communion, and of the blazing East; the swift winds have Philip, on the coast of New South Wales, been my viewless chariot, and on their with the intention of establishing themcareering wings I have been hurried from selves there as settlers and large sheep fars There was one—a creature of exalted clime to clime. But, nor light, nor air, intellect—a being, whose thoughts went nor heat, nor cold, have been to me as to the rest of my species; for I was doomed by the color of many, and the European God's natural altars....they were so high to find in their extremes a perpetual tor- countenances of some individuals, and by proud of her high gift. With the bright ing pangs of the icy north; I panted with ed. Rude embankments with tolerable stone agony, in the scorching fervour of the blaz- facings were found in parts constructed aing East; and when mine eyes have ach- cross creeks and inlets, with convenient ed, with vain efforts, to pierce the darkness sluices for the purpose of catching fish at of the earth's centre, they have been sud, the fall of the tide. Several of the bank-sheldenly blasted with excessive and intolera- ters, or wigwams, were formed in a supeble delight,

All the currents of human affectionall that makes the past delightful, the pre- doorway, and fire place in front. Pieces sent lovely, and the future coveted, were of wood were hollowed or scooped out to dried up within me. My heart was like serve as calabask buckets to carry water, & the sands of the desert, parched and bar- the dresses of kangaroo skins were neatly world of dreams. It was not like the ren. No living stream of hope, of glad- joined together with regular stitches, and ly off, walked two or three times around the room, drew his sword and presented the point to her husband! replied the clerk. in the matchless form of woman. It was Deformity, ...strange, peculiar Deformity, relieved only by the intellectual glory of root, but is withered in all its branches. factorily explained by the appearance of a young man to the jeweners snop, and as vertained the whole truth, but it was too late; the lady had disappeared and could be, deeply, passionately as the young heart late; the lady had disappeared and could be, deeply, passionately as the young heart late; the lady had disappeared and could be, deeply, passionately as the young heart later that are the presented in a literal representation of a white man clothed in a knagaroo skin cloak. He was at first rather timid in his appearance of a white man clothed in a knagaroo skin cloak. He was at first rather timid in his appearance of a white man clothed in a knagaroo skin cloak. can love, when it pours itself out like an oblation to its idol. There were gentle & that seemed to crush my frenzied brain. proaches, but when spoken to kindly, and offered a piece of bread, he threw off his pression on my heart. Mine was an in- Sleep never came. I was denied the com- collection, he exclaimed, with symptoms ordinary standard of human desire, set fulness, the sense of what I was. Death memory, and he was at last enabled to apart and sanctioned, as it were, by the natural death, closed his many doors against communicate that his name was William Mine was not a love to be revealed in persecuted, the weary, and the heavily who escaped from the encampment of the 'He will attend to you,' interrupted it was avowed underneath the bending I, alone, looked upon the earth, and felt the late Colonel Collins in attempting, Marie; 'he has received information that heaven; when the perfect stars were alone that it had no resting place for me! God! agreeably to the instructions of the British gazing upon us. It was rejected; but not God! what a forlorn and miserable creas Government, to form a settlement at Post in scorn, not in pride, nor in anger, by ture is man, when, in his affliction, he Philip in 1803; that he had lived ever since that high-minded girl. She would ask can not say to the worm, I shall be yours! with the tribe of the aborigines whom he

the satisfaction of an ardent piety, and the THE DEFORMED GIRL. the spot which she had herself selected; a blessed, by a virtuous mother's prayers, city and beauty—with woman, 'tis the Memory—mysterious memory!-holy & delightful place of slumber, curtained by that I might approve myself a worthy sol-shield of defence against the wily and in-

'Even now, the recollection is strong within me, of the feelings with which, as the rising sun illumined the tops of the surrounding hills, I approached the once glorious, and still sacred, city of Jerusalem that chosen seat of the Godhead-that Queen among the nations. Eclipsed, though it was, and its majestic head trodden into the dust, by the foot of the infidel, my gladdened eyes dwelt upon what was imperisha able, and my wrapt imagination pictured what was destroyed. The valleys of Jehosaphat and Gehinnon, Mount Calvary, Mount Zion, and Mount Acre, stretched before me. The palace of King Herod, with its sumptuous halls of marble and of gold -the gorgeous Temple of Solomon the lofty towers of Phaseolus and Mariamne—the palace of the Maccabees—the Hippodrome the houses of many of the prophets-grew into existence again, beneath the creative force of fancy. I stood and wept. I knelt and kissed the consecrated earth which once a Saviour trod.'

Abridged from the Van Dieman's Land Magas

Mr. Batman, and others referred to, had removed from Van Dieman's Land, to Port

rior and comfortable manner, tolerably well thatched, with a narrow opening for the me. All that lived, except myself—the Buckley; that he had been one or those laden of man's race-could find a grave! prisoners by the ship Ocean, formed by I might have cast away, indeed, the YEN- then met with in the bush, and over whom ARKON....the Giver of Life...the elixir of he had long exercised the rule of a chief. the Sibyl-but that would have been to He is a very tall man, having served as a subject myself to a power of darkness, in grenadier in Holland under the late Duke whose fell wrath I should have suffered the of York, is from 58 to 60 years of age, and in excellent health. Through the assist-'Thus the stream of time rolled on, bury- ance of the new settlers, he has forwarded praise became a familiar sound. I return ling beneath its dark waves our little span a petition to the Lieutenant-Governor, ed, at last, with the impress of manhood on of present, in the huge ocean of the pre- praying for a pardon, mainly with a view, ped on the floor and three armed men en- my brow, and sought again the being of petual past, and devouring, as the food of we presume, to enable him to remain where both, our swift decaying future. But I he is, and to communicale the result of his floated on its surface, and beheld while gen- intimacy with that interesting country, and ghastly consumption, had been taking away erations flourish and fade away, while age the many valuable discoveries which he had and silver hairs, growing infirmities, and made in it. This, we are glad to learn, his the closing sigh that ends them all, mock- Excellency has kindly been pleased to grant, ed me with a horrible exemption. I re-limpressing at the same time upon him the hand, I bent over her in speechless agony. mained, and might have remained, for ages expectation that he will continue to do all She raised her eyes to mine, and in those yet to come, the fixed and unaltered im- in his power to maintain an amicable ininsanity. He talks of nothing but neck guilt, and Villenue made no exertions to beautiful emblems of her soul, I read the age of what I was, when in Mauritania I tercourse between the aborigines and the laces of diamonds, the loss of his situation, prevent the departure of his daughter.— hoarded affection of years; the long smoththe anger of his master, and other matters She snached up the necklace, and accomthe anger of his master, and other matters of preventing a sangulary attack of his totally unknown to me. I imagine he has panied the young nobleman to his carriage. ry,' she said, and I bent low to catch the woman's faith, fidelity—which have made tribe, through misapprehension, on the little party already settled there. In a phifor his unhappy situation. I wish to place him under your care; and if you can cure repaired to a villa owned by the duke in him, you shall be generously rewarded. If Italy. The beauty, talents, and generosity cover this wasted and unseemly form, but fell, that at last I shook it off, and found vicissitudes during his long sojourn well told, would rival the classic work of Ro-'In my middle manhood, when scarcely bison Crusoe. Two other prisoners from stance can mar the communion of spirit. forty summers had glowed within my veins the Ocean, absconded with him, but he had She slipped a piece of gold into his Villenue was brought to the guillotine Oh, Henry, had it been permitted...but I left my native Italy, and journeyed to never seen or heard of them since the end hand, and the overseer assured her that a short time after, and confessed that he I will not murmur. You were created the Holy Land, upon the strict vow of a of the first twelvemonth when he joined the

A TEAR.—A tear is what? 'Tis the a short time at a jeweller's shop in the which he labored, urged him to destroy I knelt down and kissed the pale brow growing spirit of a long enkindled devotion overflowing of the cup of sensibility, the Rue de....., and enquired for a necklace his daughter, whose virtues and innocence of the sufferer. A smile of more than I had patrimonial wealth in Apulia; I had index to a soul fraught with feeling, the made him feel the deep and insupportable earthly tenderness stole over her features, kindred; I had friends. I renounced them aliment of a heart drooping in solitude; like an omen of the spirit's happiness. all, to dedicate myself, thenceforth, to the with the base, 'tis the arms of warfare as She was dead. And they buried her on service of THE CROSS. My purpose was gainst the innocence of loveliness, simpli-

sidious, her weapons of offence to the cold, the obdurate and the unfeeling; with the parent, 'tis the blessing of age on the offspring of youthful vigor and affection; with the child, 'tis the supporting staff of filial piety; with friends, tis the token of communion of souls; to the afflicted, 'tis the angel of consolation, the balm of Gilead to the wounded spirit, the dew of sympathy to the withering flowers of sorrow.

More than eighteen hundred years have gone by, since the Son of God descended, to redeem a fallen race. He did not come in the effulgence of supernal glory clad in dazzling robes, and attended by cherubim. The heavenly being assumed a mortal form the infant Saviour was ' wrapped in swadding clothes, and laid in a manger.' On this return of this natal day, the mind reverts to the sublime and affecting event, which marked his career. The flocks of Bethlehem are at rest, guarded by the watchful shepherds, and the angel of the Lord descends with his glad tidings,-a celestial host suddenly appear, and exclaim ' Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace and good will towards men.' A star appears in the East, and the wise men are guided by its light, to the abiding place of him who was 'born King of the Jews.' We hear the voice of maternal anguish. sorrowing for the youngest-born, slaughtered by the cruel Herod. We see the Baptist emerging from the Judean desert, and we hear the awful voice, ' Prepare ye the way of the Lord; make his paths straight. We see the dove coming down through the silvery cloud, and we hear the voice proclaiming 'this is my beloved son.' We behold the transfiguration on the high mountains; the triumphant entry into Jerusalem; the sorrowful prostration in the garden of Gethsemane; the kiss of the betrayer. We see the son of man standing in solemn silence before his accusers: we see him nailed to the cross, and we hear his last cry of mortal agony, 'lama sabachthani.' A fearful scene succeeds: the vail of the temple is rent; the earth heaves, the sheeted dead arise from their sepulchres and walk about the streets of Jerusalem. A little while, and we behold him who was crucified, restored to life, and attended by his disciples. He gives them his last charge, and ascends to heaven, his great work of salvation being accomplished.

How should man show his gratitude for such boundless beneficence: what return can he make for the 'agony and bloody sweat,' of the redeemer, who bore the pangs of death and lay down in the dust of the grave, for him? He can make no adequate return, the great debt of gratitude cannot be cancelled; all that he can do is to govern his actions by the principles of that sublime Being, whom the earth will not behold again till the great day of doom when he shall come in the clouds of heaven .-- N. Y. Courier.

· He that Diggeth a pit, shall fall therein.'-The following remarkable incident which, we are assured, happened in this city some years since, has never, to our knowledge, been related in print. A thoughtless young man went to an undertaker's, and ordered a coffin for Mrs .---, to be sent to a certain number and street, which he specified. The young man possessed the appearance and manners of a gentleman of respectability: and the undertaker, not dreaming in the least of any deception, repaired to the place specified, with the 'narrow house,' according to order. On ringing the bell, a genteel looking female came to the door and was asked in Mrs. Such-a-one lived there-or had lived ' She lives here now,' was the reply; 'I am she,' 'You,' exclaimed the astonished undertaker,- and you are not dead then. I was ordered to bring this coffin for you.' - 'For me.' ejaculated the lady, in a voice of mingled terror and astonishment, and fainted away. So strange an incident produced the impression which might naturally be expected in a mind of ordinary sensibility, and it was some time before she recovered from its effects.

But the young man, who, in a thoughtless moment, had committed so rash and cruel a piece of folly, did not so easily escape the consequences. The effect it produced on the lady, and the still more disastrous result which might have followed it, preyed on his mind. He became melancholy, pined in grief, fell into consumption, and in little more than a year required in reality the sad office which he had undertaken for the lady in a mere joke; and it so happened, that he was buried, in the identical coffin he had bespoken for her .-- N. Y. Constellation.

The Gentlemen Amateurs at Toronto, the RIVALS, to a most overflowing audia ence, The following from the Upper Canada Courier, developes in language that cannot be misunderstood, the reception his Excellency Sir F. B. Head, met with on an occasion of all others when in a mixed and miscellaneous community, every facility was afforded for the effusion of the vanity of opinion, by which each party is influenced. It is evident, that already a reaction has set in, and that on the next meeting of Parliament, substantial evidence wil! be furnished of the fact, that the people have hitherto seen through a glass darkly,

On Tuesday evening, the Gentlemen

compained by his Son and suite, entered the Governor's box, which, together with the lobby and stairs, was tastefully decorated with the Union Jack, and, other British flags. On the entrance of Sir Francis, the whole audience, ladies and gentlemen, rose simultaneously; and the band of the 15th Regiment, which was in the Orchestra, struck up God save the King but so loud and deafening were the cheers, bursting from every quarter of an overflowing House, that the thrilling strains of the national anthem were drowned in the still more thrilling acclamations......lrish Advocate.

ST. Louis, April 29. 1836. One of the most shocking and revolting transactions occurred in our city last evening about 9 o'clock, which have ever been witnessed in our country. The circumstances, as near as I can learn them, are as follows. A colored man, belonging to one of the steamboats, was taken into custody by the deputy sheriff, Mr. Hammond, and one of the constables named Mull, for some disorderly conduct. They had entered the court house yard when the negro struck Mr. Han mond on the chin with a large knife, which glanced and cut the main artery, so that he died in a few seconds. He then turned and struck at Mr. Mull, cut him in the abdomen so badly, that his life is despaired of. The negro fled and took shelter under a shed, and warned his pursuers from approaching him. One of them, however, with a brick bat broke his right arm...his knife dropped....immediately took it in his left hand, and made several attempts to stab those who took him. He was then lodged in jail.

A number of the citizens soon collected and were so exasperated that they demanded the keys of the jailer, or they would demolish the house. Resistance being useless, he delivered them up. They took him out, and, with nearly an unani mous voice, resolved to BURN HIM.

They then chained him to a tree a short distance from the court house, and placed under him a large heap of dry rails, which they fired; and one of the most revolting scenes ensued that have ever been witnessed here. The shrieks and groans of the victim were loud and piercing, and to observe one limb after another drop into the fire was awful indeed. He was about 15 minutes in dying. I visited the place this morning, and saw his body, or the remains of it, at the place of execution. He was burnt to a crumb. His legs and arms were gone, and only a part of his head and body was left. The scene was too sickening to contemplate, and I left it.

I have only time to add, that while numbers here deprecate, the manner in which it was effected, they think his crime so heinous that, terrible as its punishment was, it was merited.

THE FLORIDA CAMPAIGN TERMI-NATED.

LATEST FROM FLORIDA .-- Termination of the Indian Campaign .-- Lieutenant Van Buren, aid to General Eustis, arrived here this forenoon from Picolata, via Savannah, in the steam packet William Seabrook, from Savannah.

Lieut. Van Buren states that, owing to the commencement of the warm weather, the campaign had been brought to a close. The regular forces had gone into summer quarters at St. Augustine. There were supposed to be about 200 on the sick list at Tampa Bay and 80 at Valusia.

The regulars it is believed, will be kept in Florida, to garrison posts which may be important in the commencement of the next campaign. The Indians were no where in any force, and are supposed to be scattered all over the territory.'

A smart skirmish took place at Valusia on the 14th of April which lasted about 30 minutes. Two of the whites were killed, a private and a sergeant, and one was wounded. Indian loss, if any, not ascertained .-- Charleston Patriot.

> From the Boston Transcript. TEXAS.

By the arrival of the steamboat from Charleston, the New York publishers are in possession of late and interesting intelligence from Texas. The accounts are mulifarious and discrepant. We give the sum and substance of them as condensed in the New York Star.

The war threatened by Santa Anna against the southern states, he has in part carried into effect, by calling in the aid of the Indians, and very materially strengthening his own shattered forces with their bands; in consequence of which, Nacog. recently represented Sheridan's comedy of doches has been abandoned. probably destroyed. Every town and hamlet has been destroyed...the men and women probably butchered. Houston, in considerable force is waiting for the enemy, & is daily receiving reinforcements; he has now 2500 men and, it is confidently said, will receive an addition of 2000 more within a month. Large sums are raised by individual contributions. Gen. Felix Houston gives \$40, 000; Col. Woodfolk, \$10,000. Liberal aid in sums of \$500, \$1000, and in provisions, are raised.

Gen. Gaines has called for aid and will cross the frontier with his forces to act a-

Anna. Georgia is in motion to revenge the massa-

the escape of Santa Anna, and destroy all his army. The war will be barbarous and bloody, but short and conclusive.

Later from Texas. - We learn by a gentleman of the name of Slaughter, who came passenger in the Steamer Privateer, from Natchitoches, (and only five days from Texas,) that Gen. Houston is at present ceived at the Colonial Office. encamped on the west side of the Brazos, opposite the plantation of Leonard Gross, a well timbered bottom, and in a posisides, he can be supplied with provisions and stores by steamboats. At present the steamer Yellow Stone is engaged in that way.-Santa Anna is at San Antonio, and our informant confidently asserts that the whole of his force in Texas does not exceed 25,00 men. The only reason General Houston does not attack him, is the want of arms and ammunition, and his being wholly destitute of artillery. Santa Anna's advanced aguard, consisting of 230men, were within 25 miles of Houston's encampment; and it was the General's intention to cut them off, for which purpose he was pressing all the horses within his reach, and had about 500 when Mr. Slaughter

Mr. S. states that the report of Nacogdoches being burnt is utterly false, he having dined there on his way to this city and that the cause of the consternation at Nacogdoches was simply that a young man (a deserter from Houston's army) on passing through that place, began waving his hat and shouting 'the Indians and Mexicans,' which caused a sudden panic and terror amongst the inhabitants, who ran off in every direction without making the least inquiry, or even looking once behind ... Lou. Ad. April 23.

The accounts received yesterday from this country are of a more favorable nature; and negative in part the previous rumors relative to Nacogdockes-it is true that town had been deserted on the report that the Indians and Mexicans were making a descent on it; but it was not attacked and not destroyed. Colonel Quitman continued there with two, hundred men; and the Texians having conveyed their families east of the Sabine, returned. Santa Anna was at San Antonio on the 5th instant; Houston was at Gross, west

of the Brazos, on the 6th, with 2500 men. General Gaines was at Wilkinson's encampment on the Sabine, with 600 United States troops; and was daily expecting reinforcements from Fort Gibson. There was not the slightest expectation of an attack on him; whatever he does will be done on the defensive, to prevent and pro-

Santa Anna had given a commission to Bowels, the Indian chieftain, and a bounty to raise and equip his tribe; but it is likely that the energetic measures adopted by Gaines will prevent the schemes of the General President. The Caddo Indians have exhibited symptoms of rebellion; but n'importe.—Bee, April 23.

From all quarters we receive accounts of the accidents which have occurred from the moving of the ice. Those which hap pened in this city are familiar to our readers, and though others at a distance have in the aggregate they have not been less injurious to property.

al days, and that several of the wharves have been damaged.

At Berthier, all visits from door to door are made in canoes, and for upwards of four miles nothing to be seen but one vast lake. Several families owing to the height of the water, have been compelled to take refuge in the Upper stories of their residences. A great number of houses and a quantity of grain, have been much dama-

In Three Rivers much injury has been occasioned as well to the public as to individuals. The lower portion of the town means of Canadian Gondolas. Every person has his vessel attached to his door. The South western portion of the public bridge, erected at the expense of the Proabout six in the evening.

Duval have suffered much; the stores of Members. - Royal Gazette. Mr. Bell are injured and a small house destroyed. A part of Port St. Francis has the water about three quarters up the windows, and the village may be said to have stopped by the wharf.

At Coteau du Lac the low lands are much flooded and the novel sight is presented of the people fishing in the woods the whole race of Partridges in the neighalong the banks of the river .- Mont. Gaz. bourhood of this City. We saw to day 10th May.

House of Commons March 21. question with reference to the Canadas, afford so cheap a luxury, and that cannot and involving the disclosures very properly be complained against for the injury they made by Sir Francis Head, recently sent do the farmers, as they do not feed in the out to that colony. It would be in the grain fields. There is yet an Ordinance in recollection of the House that the House force, of the 28th January, 172I, which and that his administration will eventual gainst the Indians, thus brought into the of Assembly in Canada had abandoned imposes a penalty of Fifty Livres on perly remove the film which obscured their field by the treachery and folly of Santa their original intention to refuse the supplies, and the reason of that abandonment or offering for sale any partridge or parwas, that two of the commissioners sent tridges, between the 15th of March and Amateurs of Toronto, represented Sher- cre of Fannin. Tennessee, Kentucky, Lou- out from this country were of opinion that the 15th of July, and the buyer is also out going to Montreal, and by that time where

At half past seven, his Excellency, ac- West will be in motion, and in sixty days missioners had sent home dispatches re- have determined to act upon the Ordinanea there will be a force sufficient to prevent ferring to this subject, and the question and put a stop to this unseasonable traffic. he wished to put to the Right Hon. Baro- by laying information against those who net, was, whether such dispatches had been received, and if so what was the probable Mercury. course of conduct that his Majesty's Government would pursue?

Sir G. Grey replied that no dispatches bearing on the subject to which the Hon. member for Bath had alluded had been re-

Mr. Roebuck inquired what was the date of the last dispatches received. He himself had received advices from Canada tion to conquer 10,000 of the enemy; be of the date of the 16th of February last. in silence. The allusion is most evidently to a Sir G. Grey said that the last advices received at the Golonial office from Cana-

> da were dated the 5th of February. Liverpool, April 1st.—The expected

diminution of the stamp duty upon Newspapers will commence from July 5th. Nearly all the provincial journals have resolved to publish at four instead of seven pence per number. Many of the London papers will do the same, but I very much doubt whether the London morning papers will. The Times, Chronicle and Herald, for example, go to an expense for the attainment of news, which would almost warrant a little extra charge. It is no unusual thing for any of the above papers to receive important intelligence from foreign correspondents, sent by courier to a seaport, and forwarded to London thence by a steamer specially engaged, at from 80 to 100 guineas, for such trip. During the late continental war, the Times was constantly in receipt of such intelligence, and sometimes before the Government messengers brought it. Also the mere reporting department of the Times or Chronicle must cost about 100 guineas per week. Then there is extra payment for chance intelligence from the country. I know one reporter in Liverpool who has £100 a-year for writing Liverpool news to a London paper. Besides this, there is occasional and extra reporting-as when a public dinner or trial of interest takes place when Parliament is sitting. The regular reporters cannot be spared, and casual reporters are sent down, at an expense of from £20 to £30 each trip. Then, if the matter be very important, there is the extra expense of expressing it to London. Nor is this all: the commercial news from various marts, in the country, the shipping news, the police reports, the sporting intelligence, the law proceedings, the literary and dramatic critiques, the state of the money market, the translations from foreign papers, in fact, every paragraph in a London morning paper must be paid for. To this you may add £3000 to £3,500 a year for the editors and political writers, and you have some idea of the immense expenses of a London morning paper. Let me be distinctly understood. The stamp duty on newspapers is nominally fourpence each-actually 3 I-5 because of the 20 per cent discount. The selling price is seven-pence to the public, six-pence to the news venders: and of the London papers not five in a thousand are sold at the pubication offices, nor are subscribers supplied save by the news venders. Thus, allowing the stamp duty to be out of the question, each London paper is sold for sign a petition to get a magisthrate appointed? 2 4-5d. Now the stamp will be reduced 'Is it a magisthrate your wantin', (sis I; 'shure ers, and though others at a distance have to one penny, and if the price of each panta an hav'nt we enough iv 'em already?' 'Yes, not been attended with the loss of life yet per fall to (4d to the public) 3d to the news vender, each paper will be sold, ac- than any iv the present ones?" 'Oh, by all tually, for two-pence (minus the stamp,) or manes,' sis I, 'as much better as possible.' (for At Laprairie, we learn that the lower four fifths of a penny less than the present to tell the truth, the ould justhis, me neighbour, part of the town has been inundated for price. The Times in one year, sells four is but a sorry stick any how; but then he's and a half millions of papers, and here Rhadical.) 'Well, then,' sis he, 'what do you will be a positive loss, per annum, of £6. 666 13s 4d, if it sells at four-pence. I expect therefore, that the London morning papers will stickle, as far as possible, for the price of five pence each number .-Eng. Pap.

Charlotte-Town, (P. E. Island,) April 12th .- In the House of Assembly yester day, the Speaker informed the House that he had received a communication from Mr. Papineau, Speaker of the House of Assembly of Lower Canada, transmitting a series has been completely inundated, and like of Resolutions of that house, purporting to a new Venice, all business is performed by contain an exposition of the extent and nature of the Reforms demanded by the people of Lower Canada, in the hope that the Assembly of this Island will co-operate with the Representatives of that province, over the St. Maurice, was destroyed vince, in procuring a better Colonial sysby the movement of the ice on the 5th, at tem of government for all. The communication, and the Resolutions referred to, The wharves of Messrs. Bell, Hart, and were laid upon the table for the perusal of

PARTRIDGES .- Numbers of these fine birds, recently killed, are exposed for sale daily in our Markets; the killing of them had a narrow escape, if the ice had not been at this season of the year, when the hens are laying, and many of them even setting, is a most destructive practice, and if not put a stop to, will go near to annihilate more than one couple, of which the hen bird, from the state of her plumage, was evidently brooding.....It is certainly worth Mr. Roebuck said he wished to put a while to preserve the breed of birds which Amateurs of Toronto, represented Shell represent

offend against the law in this respect ..... Que,

For the Missiskoui Standard. MR. EDITOR, Sir :- Turning over, last night,

the 'Standard' of 26th ult., I happened to cast my eye on a communication signed 'Jeremiah Britannica,' a piece to which I paid little or no attention at the time of its appearance, and I found in it an allusion which I cannot pass over respectable old acquaintance with whom I have been on terms of intimate friendship for twenty one years. Your correspondent, for what reason I know not, has seen fit to characterise him as an 'American deserter'—as a 'renegade American.' An 'American' he certainly is, and 80 was the late hon. Horatio Gates, and many others of the most undaunted loyalty and worth, but the opprobrium conveyed by the terms 'deser's ter' and 'renegade' is an atrocious falsehood. The gentleman in question is neither a 'deserter' nor a' renegade.' He is an intelligent scholar, a judicious magistrate and a loyal subject. When he first moved his family into this province, he was, to my certain knowledge, for some time, in the habit, of going back whence he came, to perform the duties of the highest functionary in the County Court. With the know edge of this fact, shall I see a venerable old man vilified? After so long acquaintance with him, and so many hours of useful interchange of sentiments with him, shall I sit still and hear him defamed on the brink of the grave? No, I would scorn such apathy. The low expedient of making a father suffer for the delinquencies of a son, or a son suffer for the delinquencies of a father, or any to be blamed for the faults of another I would scout as equally mean, vulgar, wicked and unjust.

I hope you will insert this as a rebuke to the person, who, to say the least of him, undertook to defame a man of whom he knows nothing; for if he did, he must have written what he wilfully knew to be false.

I am, Sir, AN OLD ACQUAINTANCE.

St. Armand, 14th May, 1836.

To the Editor iv the thrue Stanthard. MISTHER EDITOR :- Happening to call in at a neighbour's the other day, I heard a conversation with regard to Mr. Nites bein' made a Justhis iv the peace, an' I heard 'em say that three or four petitions had been got up for him. There was one fellow present who tried to deny that any petition had been got up, or if it was, why, that Mr. Nite's did'nt know anythin' iv it.

Thinks I to myself, I know betther than this, an'

the Stanthard shall know it also. What I know, Misther Editor, is, that not long ago a fellow (that looked as though he'd been convicted iv robbin' a hen roost) kem to me hoose an' enquired iv me wife, sis he, 'Is Misther O'Rafferty at home?' 'Is it me husband you're afther wantin',' sis she; ' I want to see Misther O'Rafferty,' sis he; with that me wife calls me out iv the other room where I was jist takin' a wee bit iv rest-so I goes out and ask'd the man his business; sis he, ' Misther O'Rafferty, (mighty polite,) have you any objection to say to Misther Nite's.' 'Whew!'-sis I -Whew ! !- Misther Nites! Is it Jockey Nites-the Bum-Bailey, you're wantin' me to sign for ?'

An' by dad, I was mad,-an' I felt me blood begin to come.—' Why yes,' sis the fellow, ' Misther Nite's is a friend to the Irish.' With that I could stand it no longer. ' Get out iv me door! get out iv me door, you blackguard! Is it a Bum-Bailey that's a friend to the Irish ?'

By the powers ! if the fellow hadn't run for it, I'd iv hit him a crack any how, but he slunk off like a dog with a split stick to his

Oh, Misther Editor, darlint! Is'nt it too bad to be ask'd to sign a petition to make a Horse-Jockey or a Bum-bailey, or a coney-acler, a mags isthrate? Why, Sir, there, a chimley-sweeper would blush to be seen spakin' to the likes; an' then to be tould that a Bum-Bailey is a friend to him. Then as to what the fellow tried to make us believe, that Misther Nite's knew nothin' about the petition-not know is it? shure an' he don't know much : but iv he was in ould Ireland, an' carried on his thricks there as he does here, may be he'd be apt to learn some thin', or get his skull crack'd in the taychin'; but as to his not knowin' about the petition affair, that's all blarney ;-aint he goin' to Quaybeo to carry the petition himself, and pay his expenses out of the School Money.

Yours, for sometime to come, TEDDY O'RAFFERTY. Over the Creek, 5th May, 1836.

To the Editor of the Missiskoui Standard. SIR-The question is every day asked, ' have here been circulars sent to the Magistrates requesting them to take the Oath of Qualification under the new Act; but it is as often answered In the negative. Pray, sir, what are we to do? Our Magistrates refuse to serve, not knowing whether they have authority or not, we have no means of prosecuting for any attacks that may be committed upon our persons or property, with-

of human nature is capable of devising, without the means of redress? If some of your readers can give me the desired information, it will be thankfully received.

Yours,

St. Armand, May 20, 1836.

J. CHAMBERLIN, JAS. MOIR FERRES, SECRETARIES.

24th May, 4836.

#### MISSISKOUI STANDARD.

FRELIGHSBURG, MAY 24, 1836.

The 'Farmers' Advocate' has come very irregularly to us of late. We have received that of 16th May, in usual course, and refer to his article in relation to the Quebec Gazette's as to Mr. Felton's case. He says truly that the people of the Townships tains a communication signed 'Reform,' wish to see justice done to that individual, which speaks rather warmly on the remarks and alludes to the principles of Constitu- of the Gazette, in relation to Mr. Felton. tionalists in the Townships, which forbid them to screen delinquents from punishment after due investigation and proof .he alludes, also, to what seems to him an apparent desire, on the part of certain Journals in the cities, to shield Mr. Felton, (a desire, which we do not think they re- strips stand steady to his principles. He ally entertain,) and says:

'It should be borne in mind, by Constitutionalists in the Districts of Quebec and Montreal, that their brethren in the Townships have quite sufficient to contend with at best. Stanstead and Drummond counties appear to be incurably cursed with Radicalism. Missiskoui notwithstanding it can boast of one of the most ably conducted and loyal Journals in the province, is at present but half and half. Sherbrooke at the last election, was only saved from utter disgrace by the most strenuous exer- act, in order to enrich such others as the tions of a very few individuals, and by holding out assurances that the Government were disposed to do away with every abuse which could be shown to exist.

We say these facts should be kept full in view, and if success is desirable by the Constitutionalists, let them not at their peril, countenance in any shape, the crying abuses which are known to exist, for whenever this shall become apparent, nothing can save the cause here-Radicalism will reign triumphant. The abuses of our Officials have generated the disease, and while the cause is suffered to exist a cure is hopeless.'

The Advocate can realise the never ceasing exertions that have to be made by the loyal press of the Townships, but he appears to us to undervalue the sound sense of the yeomanry in Drummond and Stanstead. The people of the Townships have been grossly deceived by the French and Frenchified travelling emissaries of the Assembly, but it is possible still to shew Constitutional Association will be held here them their true interests. People will not on 30th May. We fear that the backward be always blind. Let them look around, state of Spring work, will prevent many let them point out a single one of the neigh- from being present; but all who possibly by the name of the Mountain Road, will be held boring States, or a single one of the neighboring colonies, that is not as far beyond boring colonies, that is not as far beyond Lower Canada in enterprise and public of the delegate will take place at one o'clock, said Road, and devise measures for its completion and improvement. improvement, as Lower Canada exceeds ev- P. M. exactly. Elections of delegates in ery one of them in physical capabilities. all other parts of the Province, will be Accident has not produced this state of held on the same day, and at the same things, it would rather have prevented it. hour. We happen to have a good country for farming; we happen to have noble sites for factories; we happen to have as noble of business this summer, in the way of facilities for building railroads and digging canals as the Creator has given to any country under the sun; we happen to have the largest river in the world, rolling its waters, which with a little labor might be made navigable, from extremity to extremity of the contract, and of the prices per 1000. province; we have abundant mines of various metals and of coal; and in spite of all these, in as far as we are concerned, accidental circumstances, we hvae the most backward and the least enterprising of all the countries on this northern continent. What is the reason? We are cursed with the feudal burdens of bygone centuries, and held under the curse by a few hated French Seigniors and Notaries. Surely our friend of the Advocate must be mistaken that 'Stanstead and Drummond counties appear to be incurably cursed with Radicalism.

As to Missiskoui we are happy to say and he will be happy to hear, that he is to Lord Aylmer, with the addition of the decidedly mistaken. Missishoui at this Grand Cross of the Bath, a tolerably cermoment is less disposed to Francism, (for tain indication that his Lordship's conduct Radicalism is too good a name for it,) in this Government, notwithstanding all than it was I2 months ago. Mr. Papineau against him, has met with the approval of and the Missiskoui Standard have assisted his Majesty's Government.—Quebec Mer. each other in this, and we do believe that a fraction of its inhabitants are Francists. We only judge from our subscription list, and from the known feelings of District' says the Toronto Guardian have the people. The old settlers,—the volun- embarked at this City, for the U. S. since

is this state of society to last? how long are we loyalists of the revolution, are to a man consequence of the anticipated cessation of to be exposed to all the crimes that the depravity true to their King and country: the Franc- all internal improvement, during the ensuists, (it is really the best name we can ing season, as the baneful result of stopgive them,) are men who have silly ideas ping the supplies.'....' About forty more of the same class from the Newcastle district as to the Kingly government and who have left, to seek work on the other side., would not care one straw for the country, Most of them are old counrymen. provided they derived benefit from the commotions consequent on their demands for an Elective Council. The last election in Canada! A meeting of the Missiskoui Branch Constitutional Association, will be held, at Frelighsburg, on 30th. May instant, at one o'clock P. M. in order to elect a third delegate to represent said Branch, in the Convention of Delegates, to be held at Montreal on the 13th June next.

Since the election. however, the most strengths an Elective Council. The last election in this county did not turn at all upon politics nor upon merit, but upon—we are sorry to say it....mere sectional feeling. Since the election, however, the most strenuous exertions have been used by certain preserved by and honest (?) individtain praiseworthy and honest (?) individuals to Frenchify the County; but they on the 25th March, caused a great loss have failed. We as well as others, have lent our pen and personal exertions, to ob- was early burnt, and the standholders had struct them, and not unsuccessfully. Our hardly time to save any thing. The picneighboring county, Sherbrooke, is emphatically Constitutional; and the farmers of American and Old Country descent in the Seigniories adjoining, whom we regard as Township people, are also constitutional.

The same number of the Advocate con-We are sorry for this, for it is our sincere belief, that all the Constitutional papers are anxious for the removal of every pretext for a grievance, by a redress of all abuses. If they should not be so actuated, still let every Constitutional reformer in the Town must maintain the Constitution, as by law established, and he must insist for a full investigation, according to law, of the conduct of suspected public officers, and the correction of all abuses; above all he must oppose, firmly and unwaveringly oppose, the annexation of Montreal to the Upper Province, and the violation of the Constitutional act by robbing one body of men of property, solemnly vested in them by that popular caprice of the day may point out. If the act is sought to be broken in one particular, to satisfy some theorists in the Constitutional ranks, why is Lord Gosford to be blamed for breaking it in another?

Sir John Colborne, the patriot, and father of the emigrant,' left St. Johns, on Thursday last, in the Winooski steamboat, on his way to England. We are informed that a crowd attended him to the wharf, to bid him farewell, the fort near St. Johns firing a salute of 14 guns, and the boat returning the salute. As the boat passed the Isle aux Noix, the guns on the fortifications fired a salute, which was also returned from her. The report of the firing was heard in this village, distant in a direct line, about twenty eight miles.

A meeting of the Missiskoui Branch

Missiskoui Bay is likely to do a deal shipping lumber for the markets of the U. States...chiefly for New York.

Will some of our friends there send us an estimate of the quantity contracted for, by speculators, of the quantity not under

Wheat is above ground already in some fields, and looks well, but there is a good deal yet to be sown; it has been found that that which was late sown in the last two years, withstood best the attacks of the

Sir Francis Bond Head hats are quite

We refer all murderers of partridges, to an article taken from the Quebec Mercury.

Letters have been received in town by the Liverpool packet of the 8th April, which state on good authority, that the command in Ireland has again been offered

Upper Canada is reaping the fruits of agteers of the last war, and the sons of the the close of the Session of Parliament, in

Were ever Colonies, than which there are not finer in the world, so cursed with internal enemies, as are Upper and Lower

His Majesty has approved of the appointment of Lieut .- General Sir James Lyon to be Commander of the Forces in

A fire at Burlington Arcade, London,

#### MISSISKOUI BAY.

CLEARED. Sloop Napoleon, Captain Tisdale, 7000 pieces Boards & Plank. May 10, Industry, Capt. Brown, 6000

General McComb, Capt. U. Clark, 2586 do.

Birth,
In the Western parish of St. Armand, on Monday the 16th instant, Mrs. Captain Alexander McKenney, of a Son.

Married, At Cabot, on the 10th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Brown, Mr. Chase Gilman, of Potton, to Miss Lucetta Whitcher.

At Richford, on 15th ult., Miss Anna Janes, daughter of Jeremiah Janes, aged 21.
At Richford, on the 11th instant, Miss Jane Carpenter, daughter of Mr. Stephen Carpenter,

At Farnham, on Friday afternoon the 20th ins At Farnham, on Friday afternoon the 20th instant, after a few days illness, Rebecca Wells, wife of Mr. Asa Hastings, and youngest daughter of Mr. Richd. Wells, Sen. aged 24 years.
At Hemmingford, on the 13th instant, Mrs. Prudy, wife of John Vaughan, aged 40.
Also, at Russelton, Mrs. Sylvester Young. The two latter were formerly of Caldwells' Manor.

## \$10 Reward!! LOST

N the 21st instant, between my house in St. Armand, and Mr. William Lee's, in

## Leather Roll,

containing about 70 Dollars in Bank bills, on Banks in Vermont, with a Note against Bandana Smith for 52 Dollars, one against Wm, Beach for 50 Dollars, one against C. Smith for 45 Dollars, and one against David M. Whitney for one Cow, and one against David M. Whitney for 5 dollars, with various other Notes and Receipts in my favour, the notes are payable to Homer Smith or bearer; also demands against Jacob Garland, for two Cows, payable about three years hence; the signers of said Notes are hereby notified not to pay said notes to any person but my fied not to pay said notes to any person but my-self, and the public are cautioned not to buy notes payable to Homer Smith or bearer. The above reward will be paid for the return of the Roll and contents.

HOMER SMITH. St. Armand, May 23, 1836. V2 7-3w.

## Notice

S hereby given that a Meeting of the Inhabitants of the County of Missiskoui interested in the Road between Sutton and Potton, known

PELEG SPENCER,
HENRY BORIGHT,
DANIEL SPENCER,
JOHN SHEPHERD,
1RA JANES,
DANIEL JONES,
ROBERT MANSON,
RICHARD SHEPHERD,
DANIEL JANES,
ELK ANY JANES.
Sutton, May 20, 1836.

## Cash for Wool NOTICE

S hereby given that two shillings currency per pound will be paid at the Factory of the British American Laud Company at Sherbrooke, for clean native Wool, average quality, the produce of the Eastern Townships.

Sherbrooke, May 10, 1736.

V2-7tf

TENDERS will be received at the office of

TENDERS will be received at the office of the British American Land Company, Sherbrooke, up to Saturday the 11th June next, for the completion of a ROAD from Richmond in the Township of Shipton, to Port St. Francis—a distance of 5 mile; on the Line surveyed by Joseph Pennoyer, Esq. Provincial Surveyor in September 1835—and according to Plans and Specifications to be seen at the Offices of the Company at Sherbrooke, Melbourne, and Port Saint Francis. at Sherbrooke, Melbourne, and Port Saint Fran-

The Tenders will be required to express the rate per mile for completing the following sections severally, viz:

1st. From Richmond to Trenholm's Mills,

lst. From Richmond to Trenholm's Mil Kingsey, 2d. From Trenholm's to Town's Kingsey, 3rd. From Town's to Boisvert's Simp-

son,
4th. From Boisvert's to Dubes'
5th. Dubes' to Glen Douglass,

Aston,
6th, From Glen Douglass' to the St, Esprit Road, Nicolet,
7th Thence to Port St. Francis, Miles, 51

Office of the British American Land Company, Sherbrooke, 12th May, 1836.

## Look Here!!

HE Subscribers will pay Cash for

Veal Skins. May 21, 1836

L. & A. KEMP.

#### TO PRINTERS.

PRINTING ESTABLISHMNET For Sale!

HE Subscribers, wishing to engage in other

business, are desirous of selling the Printing Materials with which the Farmers' Advocate is now published, with the privilege of publishing the paper, and all the perquisites connected therewith.

The materials consist of an excellent CAST IRON PRESS; a font of 350 to 400 lbs. of LONG PRIMER—150 lbs. BREVIER—150 lbs. SMALL PICA--50 lbs. MINION-an extensive assortment of large and small JOB TYPE, and all the other et ecteras of a newspaper office.

per office.

The Advocate is the only paper published in the District of Saint Francis: its circulation is re-

To any one wishing to engage in publishing a paper, this opportunity is a rare one. Sherbrooke is the capital of a flourishing District, where the Courts are in Session nearly half of the year; the seat of operations of the British American Land Company; and a Bank is just going into operation. It is decidedly the best location for a newspaper and printing office, in the Eastern Townships. Townships.

The Establishment will be sold cheap, for 1-4

cash down, and the remainder in three annual instalments. Address, Post paid, to the subscribers, or JAMES COURT, Esq. Commercial Agent,

WALTON & GAYLORD.

Printers in this province, will confer a favor by giving the above a few insertions.

N. B. None need apply, except true Constitutional Reformers.

Showkers.

Sherbrooke, April 18, 1836.

#### RENOVATION OF FEATH-ERS.

Mr. JAMES GARDNER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Frelighsburg, Stanbridge Upper Mlls, Bedford, Henryville, and St. Johns, and their several neighborhoods, that he intends stopping a few days in each of the above mentioned

ping a few days in each of the above mentioned places, taking each in turn as above, for the purpose of Renouting Feather Beds of all descriptions; and hopes by his diligence and attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

Mr. G. pledges himself to remove the disagreeable scent attached to feathers, all sand or other dust, moths and other insects, and warrants these never to return; to enliven dead & inactive feathers old or new; & finally, his motto is—Good work or no pay.—Mr. G. deems it unnecessary to produce a long list of recommendations from a distance setting forth his skill and experience in the line of his profession; and, to make a long story short, will only refer you to the Certificate and recommendations of your neighbors as puband recommendations of your neighbors as published below.

Terms—Five Shillings for all beds not weighing

more than 25 pounds, over 25 and not exceeding 35 pounds Six Shillings and three pence; for all over 35 pounds, Three pence per pound. Pillows five pence, or seven pence half penny per pair.

Philipsburg, May 11th, 1836.

This certifies that we the undersigned have rescently had one, or more than one, Feather Bed dressed or Renovated by Mr. Gardner, and from the experiment are well satisfied with the improvement wrought in them by the operation. And we further recommend to all such as have hard beds, or in anywise unclean, to avail themselves of this opportunity of having them cleared. selves of this opportunity of having them cleansed

(Signed.)
H. N. May, and enlivened.

A. B. Merritt,

Jos. W. Munson, Hiram Moore, Nelson Merritt, Horace Churchill, Pliny Woodbury, Lynd Smith, Charles Miller, Anson Church, Abraham Humphrey, Erastus Hickok, Barna Merrick, Peter Sixby,

Pigeon Hill, Lyman Cushing, Daniel Campbell, Esq. Powell Austin, James Drew, May 20, 1836.

### HIGHWAY & BRIDGES.

The Proprietors and occupiers of Land liable to work on the Highways and Bridges in the Township of Sutton, in the County of Missiskoui are hereby notified and warned to do their proportion of highway labour by the 20th day of June next, and all those that are found in default at that time, will be prosecuted without delay.

delay.

Also the proprietors of the following Lots not being known to the undersigned, therefore, if their proportion of labour is not done by the time above specified, legal measures will be taken against the land of lots, No. 17—18—19—22—23—24—26—27 and 28 in the first Range. No. 24—20—22—24—25—27 and 28 in the second range, and Nos. 20—22—23—25—26—27 and 28 in the third Range.

Sutton, 16th May, 1836. IRAE JANES

## Take Notice. THE Subscriber is desirous of having a

Barn & Shed erected upon the Lot forming the corner of Front and South streets, in the Village of Frelighsburg,

formerly the property of JACOB COOK, Esq.,

which Buildings are intended for the convenience of an Inn Keeper, and are required to be put up immediately. The plan and dimensions of each can be known on application to

MR. ZENAS REYNOLDS, at the Village, or the Proprietor at Montreal. JOHN FISHER.

3d May, 1836.

## Reward.



white strip in her face. Whowhite strip in her face. Whosever will return said mare and thief shall be entitled to the above reward, or \$5 for either the mare or the thief; the thief is supposed to be a Canadian by the name of Peter Besett.

ELWYN BOWKER.

St. Armand, 16th May, 1836.

V2 6—tf

## For Sale,

Y FARM, lying on the road between Henryville & Missiskoui Bay; consisting of 180 acres of land, upon which are A House, Barn & Shop.

AMOS STOW. 28th March, 1836.

ASH paid for

Veal Skins

A N APPRENTICE wanted.

PLINY WOODBURY.
St. Armand, April 21st, 1836. V2.3 tf.

## Black Snake



ILL stand for the use of MARES, the ensuing season, at the stable of the Subscriber, in

#### FRELIGHSBURG.

TERMS-Five Dollars the Season. N. B. All casualties at the risk of the OWN-

JOHN BAKER.

Frelighsburg, May, 1836.

## Star Tavern.



New Market, Montreal.

## William Brown,

HANKFUL for past favors, would respectfully intimate to his former customers, friends, and the public in general, that he has leased and will occupy, on the 1st of May next, the house at present occupied by Mr John Murphy, one door below his present Stand, having more extensive and better accommodations than heretofore, together with an addition of yard and stabiling.

The Stand being very near the Courts of Justice, and proximate to the market offers great inducement to the man of business or pleasure, & he hopes by unwearied attention to his customers to merit a continuance of their favors.

January 27, 1836.

46-12w.

HE Subscriber will pay Cash for

Veal Calf Skins.

H. M. CHANDLER. Frelighsburg, 17th April, 1836. V2-2tf

## For Sale,

To Let, HE premises owned and formerly occupied by the subscriber in the Village of Frelighsburg, consisting of a good two story dwelling house, garden, and a commodious horse barn.

For terms enquire of Dr. J. Chamberlin, Frelighsburg or of the Subscriber in Sutton.

HENRY BORIGHT.

Frelighsburg, March 1 1836.

47—tf.

### FRANKLIN STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY.

MITH, HARRINGTON & EATON, respectfully inform the printers of the Upper & Lower Provinces, and the public generally, that having established a

STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY,

BURLINGTON, Vt.

they hold themselves ready to execute any work which a kind public may feel disposed to favor them with. They hazard nothing in saying that they can do work cheaper, and in as good style as can be done at any Foundry, in the United States.

Leads furnished at the Franklin Foundry, on the most reasonable terms. A great variety of

## CUTS

on hand and for sale at the F. S. F. BLANKS of all kinds Stereotyped at short no Old Type taken in pay for work, at 9

College Street, Burlington Vt. January 12 1836.



PUBLIC NOTICE

S hereby given that a WHARF has been completed By the BRITISH AMERICAN LAND COMPANY, at Port St. Francis, seven miles above Three Rivers on the South shore of the St. Lawrence, and that Steamboats and other Vessels may land or embark Goods and Passengers at the same, with safety and despatch. The Agent of the COMPANY will for the present season allow free storage for such articles as may be landed at Port St. Francis for transport to the Eastern Townships-or brought to that place for Shipment outwards.

Office of the British American Land Company.
Montreal, August 1, 1835.

## BRIDGE

19-tf

OVER THE ST. FRANCIS. COMPANY OF

COMPANY are now prepared to contract or building a BRIDGE over the River Saint Francis at Sherbrooke. Persons inclined to erect this bridge, will be required to furnish plans upon which they would recommend its construction, with specifications of the timber and materials required, and estimates of the sums for which they will complete the same, both with and without warantee for five years. It is desirable that plans, &c. should be furnished with as little delay as possible. Any information relating to the site of the Bridge, &c. may be obtained by application at this Office. at this Office.

Office of the B. A. L. Co.

Sherbrooke, July 20, 1835. TOUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the principal Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN LAND COMPANY has been transferred from the city of Montreal to the Town of Sherbrooke in the District of St. FRANCIS, to which place all communications on the

Company's affairs, especially applications relative to the SALE or PURCHASE of LANDS, and for EMPLOYMENT, are requested to be sent, addressed to Arthur C. Webster, Esq. Sub-Commissioner. G. MOFFATT, Commissioners.

P. M'GILL,

Montreal, May 10, 1836.

V.2 6-11v V.2 6-11w.

The Farmer's Song. Away with grandeur, pomp, and gold;
Away with childish ease;
Give me but strength my plough to hold,
And I'll find means to please.

'Tis sweet to toil for those we love,
My wife and darling boys
Both tend to make my labor prove The sweetest of my joys.

The humble morsel I procure, When labor makes it sweet, Is eaten with a taste more pure Than meats that monarchs eat.

'Tis mine—yes, 'tis my happy lot,
From cares and avarice free,
To own but this secluded cot,
Sweet friends and liberty.

Thus I no monarch on the throne
Can grudge his destiny,
Let him his weight of care bemoan,
Whilst I am truly free.

When labor wearies and grows dull, 1 with my dog and gun,
Set forth, the finest game to cull,
And thus all sorrows shun.

Now tell me, all ye gouty train,
Who have what fortune gives;
Is not the cheerful country swain The happiest man that lives?

## THE ROYAL BRIDAL;

OR, THE KING MAY COME IN THE CAD-GER'S WAY. (concluded.)

They therefore again proceeded in quest of the unfortunate fugitive, and the monor the unfortunate lagit.

arch having conducted his royal bride to I hae to say and to request, and that is, the pavilion, cast off his jacket of black that if I darena come back to Scotland to velvet, and arrayed himself in one of cloth of gold, with edgings of purple and of sa- land to me, as soon as I can get into some ble fur. His favorite steed caparisoned to way of providing for ye. Will ye promise carry two, and with its panoply embroider- Jenny ? ed with jewels, was brought before his door, leading his queen in his hand. He lightly vaulted into the saddle—he again that, for this very week I will go to Edatook the hand of his bride, and placed her inburgh, and I will watch in the way of took the hand of his bride, and placed her behind him; and in this manner, a hundred peers and nobles following in his train, I'll implore him to pardon ye, and if he the king of Scotland conducted his young refuses, I ken what I ken. queen through the land and to the palace of his fathers. The people shouted as the live Scotland's king and queen. Yet there or in his presence. But what do ye ken were some who thought that poor An- dear?' drew, the fisherman, the champion of the day, had been cruelly treated, though they knew not his offence. Those who knew him said-

'It bangs a'! we're sure Andrew never after the powny.' saw the king in his life before. He never was ten miles out o' Eyemouth in his days. We hae kenned him since a callant, and never heard a word laid against his character. The king must hae taken him for somebody else-and he was foolish to

But while the multitude shouted, and joined in the festivities of the day, there was one that hurried through the midst of here. them, wringing her hands and weeping as she went-even poor Janet. At the mos be hopeless, gave up the sword which he ment when she was roused from the stupes still carried, and suffered them to bind his faction of feeling produced by the horrors arms. Jenny clung around his neck of the conflict, and when her arms were and wept. Her mother sat speechless with outstretched to welcome her hero, as he was flying to them in triumph,-she had seen him led before his prince, to receive his praise and his royal gifts,...but instead .....things mayna turn out so ill as we apof these she heard him denounced as a prehend. I can hardly think that the king traitor, as the king's words were echoed will be sae cruel and sae unjust as to take round. She beheld him fly for safety, and my life. Is that no your opinion sirs? armed men pursuing him. She was be- added he, addressing the armed men. wildered-wildly bewildered. But every emotion gave place to anguish, and she returned to her mother's house alone, and sank upon her bed and wept.

the cause of her grief. But others, who king spares nane such. had been witnesses of the regal festival, called at widow Hewitt's for refreshment hopeless and cruel words, and again as they returned home, and from them she criedgathered that her intended son-in-law had been the champion of the day, but that when he had been led forward to receive the purse from the hands of the king, the monarch instead of bestowing it, denounced him as a traitor—' and when he man, and his body was fastened to that fled, added they, 'his majesty ordered him of the trooper. In this manner he was to be brought to him dead or alive !' For conducted to Edinburgh, where he was cast in the days of our fathers men used the license that is exemplified in the fable of the Black Crows, quite as much as it is used now. The king certainly had com- the former was preparing to set out to immanded that Andrew should be brought to him, but he had said nothing of his being brought dead.

Nancy lifted her hands in astonishment as high as her ceiling (and it was not a high one, and was formed of rushes)-Preserve us sirs !' said she, ' ye perfectly astonish me athegither! Poor chield! willing to do the same for his. But surely I'm sure Andrew wadna harm a dog !-A traitor! say ye the king ca'ed him? That's something very bad, isn't it? An' ther! surely \_\_\_\_\_no, no, Andrew couldna be guilty o't....the king maun be a stranger sort of man.'

But about midnight a gentle knocking was heard at the window, and a wellknown voice said in an under tone-

' Janet !- Janet ! .... it is me !' 'It is him mother ! .... it is Andrew! they haena gotten him yet!' and she ran he had entered, she continued, 'O Andrew! what in the name of wonder is the meaning of the king's being in a passion at ye? What did ye say or do to him? - or what

ye done?—what is really the meaning and his nobles, to receive his sentence and little, survived till they were taken from

weel ask that! I maun get away into England this very night, or my life's no worth a straw, and it's ten chances to one that it may be safe there. Wha is the king think ye?-now just think wha?'

Wha is the king !' said Nancy, with a look and in a tone of astonishment... I dinna comprehend ye Andrew.....what do ye Wha can the king be, but just the mean?

O l' said Andrew, 'ye mind the chield that came here wi' me the other night, that left the gowd noble for the thrie haddies that him and I had atween us, and that I gied a clout in the haffets to, and brought the blood owre his lips, for his behaviour to Jenny!—yon was the king!

'You the king! cried Janet.

'You the king!' exclaimed her mother;

and hae I really had the king of Scotland in my house, sitting at my fire-side, and cooked a supper for him! Weel I think, yon the king! Aha! he's a bonny man !

'O mother!' exclaimed Janet, 'bonny here, bonny there, dinna talk sae-he is threatning the life of poor Andrew, who has got into trouble and sorrow on my account. O dear me! what shall I do Andrew !- Andrew !' she continued and wrung her hands.

'There's just one thing hinny,' said he; I must endeavour to get the other side of the Tweed, before folk are astir in the morning. So I maun leave ye directly, but I just ventured to come and bid ye fareweel. And there's just one thing that marry ye, that ye will come owre to Eng-

'O yes, yes Andrew !' she cried, 'I'll The monarch approached the come to ye -for its entirely on my account that ye've to flee. But I'll do more than the king and the queen, and on my knees

' Na, na, Jenny dear,' said he, ' dinna think of that.... I wad rather suffer banishroyal cavalcade departed, and Scotch and ment and live in jeopardy for ever, than English voices joined in the cry of Long that ye should place yoursel' in his power

'Ken!' replied she, 'if he refuses to pardon ye, I'll threaten him to tell the queen what he said to me, and what offers ne made to me when ye was running out

Andrew was about to answer her, when he started at a heavy sound of footsteps approaching the cottage.

They are in search of me,' he exclaim-

Instantly a dozen armed men entered the cottage. 'We have found him,' cried they to

their companions without; 'the traitor is Andrew finding that resistance would

'Fareweel, Jenny dear!' said Andrew ... fareweel !-Dinna distress yoursel' sae

'We are not to be your judges,' said he who appeared to be their leader; 'ye are our prisoner by his Majesty's command,

and that is a' we ken about the matter. She could scarcely relate to her parent But ye are denounced a traitor, and the Poor Janet shrieked as she heard the

But the queen shall ken a'!' Jenny's arms were rudely torn from around his neck, and he was dragged from the house; and his arms, as I have stated, being bound, he was placed behind a horseinto prison to await his doom.

Janet submitted to her fate without a murmur, and only said... Weel, if An- hardships, he was the only one of the drew be to suffer upon my account, I am neither you nor the king can be sae grog. He was also the oldest of the party, cruel as to harm my poor auld mo-

O dear, dear!' cried the old woman to those who came to apprehend her... ment on two equal boat's crews, rowing in heard tell o'! Before I kenned wha the the water drinkers will far out-do the othto the door and admitted him; and when away the life of a lone widow, and a helpless lassie?"

But notwithstanding her remonstrances, Nancy Hewitt and her beautiful daughter were conducted as prisoners to the metrop-

undergo its punishment. The monarch, the wreck .- Eng. Paper,

'Meaning?' said Andrew, 'ye may in the midst of his lords, sat in a large apartment in the castle; armed men, with at a meeting of Young Ladies in naked swords in their hands, stood around: county, a few days since, it was unanimand the frown gathered on his face as the ously resolved, that any one entertaining prisoner was led into his presence.

Andrew bowed before the monarch, then raised his head and looked around, with an expression on his countenance which shewed that although he expected death, he feared it not.

'How now, ye traitor knave!' said the king sternly, 'do ye deny that ye raised your hand against our royal person?"

'No!' was the brief and bold reply of the dauntless fisherman.

'Ye have heard kinsmen,' continued the monarch, 'his confession of his guiltiness from his own lips....what puishment do ye award him?'

Death! the traitor's doom!' replied the nobles.

'Nay troth,' said James, 'we shall be less just than merciful, and because of his brave bearing at Lamberton, his life shall be spared....but certes the hand that was raised against our person shall be struck off .- Prepare the block!

Now the block was brought into the midst of the floor, and Andrew was made to kneel, and his arm was bared and placed tion seven pence half penny.

upon it—and the executioner stood by Above ten lines, 3d per line for the first inserupon it and the executioner stood by with his drawn sword, waiting the signal faom the king to strike off the hand, when the fair young queen, with her attendants, entered the apartment. The king rose to meet her, saying.

What would my fair queen ? 'A boon, a boon! my liege,' playfully replied the blooming princess, 'that ye strike not off the hand of this audacious man, but that ye chain it for his life.'

Be it so, my fair one,' said the king, and taking the sword of the executioner in his hand, he touched the kneeling culprit on the shoulder with it, saying-'Rise up SIR ANDREW GUT-THRIE, and thus do we chain your offending hand?' ... the young queen at the same moment raised a veil with which she had concealed the features of bonny Janet, and the king P. H. Knowlton, Brome. taking her hand placed it in Andrew's.

'My conscience!' exclaimed Andrew, am I in existence !- do I dream, or what ! ...O Jenny woman !....O your Majesty ....what shall I say?'

'Nothing,' replied the monarch, 'but the king may come in the cadger's wayand Sir Andrew Gut-thrie and his bonny bride shall be provided for.'

Money .- ' Put money in thy purse .-Shakspeare. 'We take our pen in hand, as our good old grandfathers used to say in writing to their sweethearts, to indite a short chapter on Money. It is a fruitful subject, inasmuch as it is the governing principle, (if we may be allowed to express it,) of mankind, and the axis of human ambition. Money is a good thing, a kind servant, a bad master, a thief in the temple of virtue, a ministering spirit to the needy, a villain in disguise and withal a sad rake. What opens the fair arms of the blushing girl to the embrace of the old, the infirm and the ugly? Money. What causes old ladies to look kindly upon the advances of the young men to a blooming daughter? Money. What brings complimentary remarks from the old, and humble acknowledgments from the young? Money. What causes men to struggle for office? Money. What is the criterion of right and wrong? Money. What is the cause of the wrangling, struggling, cheating, brow-beating, shuffling and bowing, so prevalent among mankind? Money. What, in fact, is the great standard of human affection? Money. What makes the Printer struggle in the mire of politics? Mo-What leads the Editor to inform the public of those facts? Money. What do we require at the hand of our readers? Money. Do you take, Sir? You are the very man we desire to hear from.

ADVANTAGE OF DRINKING WATER. It is a great mistake to think that any drink is better for hardworking men, than was ter. There was a party employed in draining by task work, in Richmond Park, who were patterns of English labourers ... They worked hard from morning to night and in all weather, but drank either water or Within two days, Janet and her mother coffee. They did not even use beer. The were seized also, at the very moment when expense of coffee was comparatively trifling; and they performed as hard a day's work the former was preparing to set out to implore his pardon,...and accused of harbouring and concealing in their house, one whom the king had denounced as guilty of treason.

Jamet submitted to her fate without a day in the former was preparing to set out to implore his pardon,...and accused of harbouring and concealing in their house, one whom the king had denounced as guilty of treason.

Jamet submitted to her fate without a day's work as any man in England, and were often exposed to wet and cold. A proof of this may also be found in Capt. Ross's recent voyage to the Arctic regions. He says that on a journey of great difficulty and boxes 2s and 6d, halfboxes 1s and 3d. that on a journey of great difficulty and party whose eyes were not inflamed, and he was the only one who did not drink yet for the same reason he bore the lad adhesive qualities directions are strictly adhering tigue better than any one of them. He adds that whoever will make the experiment on two equal boat's crews, rowing in that the lad the lad the lad to be added to the lad the lad to be yet for the same reason he bore the fa-Was there ever the like of this seen or a heavy sea, will soon be convinced that king was, I took him to be a kind and a ers. No better testimony to this is recanna lad, and he canna say but I shewed quired than the experience of men who him every attention, and even prevented work at iron foundries, which is the hard-Andrew frae striking him again; and est labour done by man; but they know what gratification can it be to him to take even beer, and their sole drink during the ter. It is a well attested fact, that when an armed brig was wrecked in Plymouth be purchased harbour in 1779 (the last of December) in a severe snow storm, the men who drank 'It is really very singular Andrew,' On the fourth day of his confinement, freely of spirits, perished by the cold, while those who refrained wholly, or took very interrupted the old woman, 'what hae Andrew was summoned before king James

Leap Year Resolution .- We learn, that attachment for a young gentleman, shall at the first opportunity say 'Snip' to him, to which his replying 'Snap' is to be taken and held so much of a marriage treaty, as to render his retreat dishonora-Nevertheless, any gentleman merely withholding the responsive monosyllable, shall continue to be received as before.-

#### TERMS.

Macon (Ga.) Tel.

Ten shillings currency per year, payable at the end of six months. If paid in advance 1s. 3d. will be deducted. If delayed to the close of the year 1s. 3d. will be added for every six months dolay. Grain and most kinds of produce taken in payment.

To mail subscribers the postage will be charged in addition. No paper discontinued, except at the discretion of the publishers, until arrears are paid.

RATES OF ADVERTISING. Six lines and under, two shillings for the first insertion, and 6d. for every subsequent insertion.

Above six lines and not exceeding ten, two shillings and nine pence; every subsequent inser-

tion, and one penny for each subsequent insertion A liberal discount to those who advertise by

Advertisements not otherwise ordered will be inserted till forbid in writing and charged accord-Communications must be addressed to JAMES Moir Ferres, Editor; and If by mail, post paid.

#### STANDARD AGENTS.

W. Brent, Quebec. Daniel Campbell, Pigeon-hill. Elihu Crossett, St. Armand. Dr. H. N. May, Philipsburg. Galloway Freligh, Bedford. Capt. Jacob Ruiter, Nelsonville, Dunham. Albert Barney, P. M., Churchville. Jacob Cook, P. M., Brome. Samuel Wood, M. P. P., Farnham. Whipple Wells, Farnham. Henry Boright, Sutton. William Davis, Stanbridge Ridge. Maj. Isaac Wilsey, Henrysburg. Henry Wilson, La Cole. Levi A. Coit, Potton. Capt. John Powell, Richford, Vermont. Nathan Hale, Troy. Albert Chapman, Caldwells' Manor. Capt. Daniel Salls, parish of St. George.

Enos Bartlett, jun., East part of Sutton. Persons, wishing to become Subscribers to the Missiskoui Standard, will please leave their names with any of the above Agents, to whom also, or at the Office in Frelighsburg, all payments must be made.

E. M. Toof, Burlington, Vt.

REV. H. N. DOWNS' Vegetable Balsamic

## ELIXIR:

Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Croup, Catarrh, Asthma, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the bers were added. Chest and Lungs.

Sold wholesale by the Proprietor, at Georgia, Vt. and by J. CURTIS, Druggist, St. Albans, Vt. wholesale Agent, and Joint Proprietor,—where all orders at wholesale or retail, will meet with immediate attention.

A few bottles of this invaluable medicine way.

with immediate attention.

A few bottles of this invaluable medicine may be liad of Munson & Co. Missiskoui Bay, Beardsly and Goodnow, Henryville, Samuel Maynard, Dunham, and Levi Kemp, St. Armand.

## TO THE AFFLICTED

DR. M. HATCH'S VEGETABLE PILL CATHOLICON

the only

SAFE AND CERTAIN REMEDY

### PILES

This medicine has stood the test of 20 years' experience in extensive private practice, and has stood without a rival since its introduction to the public for positively curing this troublesome com-plaint. Price, 5 shillings.

> EWEN'S ANTIBILIOUS AND CATHARTIC PILLS:

DR. ASA HOLDRIDGE'S

GREENPLASTER:for dressing and curing immediately allkinds of fresh cuts and wounds; which from its strong adhesive qualities supersedes all other kinds of dressings; and if the directions are strictly adherated, will in no instance requires a recovered.

DR. WARNER'S

INFALLIBLE ITCH OINTMENT. Warranted to contain not a particle of mercury or other deleterious drug; and if seasonably applied will require one application only!! Price

Hapgood, Clarenceville; Beardsley & Goodnow. Henrysville; W. W. Smith, Philipsburg; Dr. Oliver Newel, and Levi Slevens, Dunham; Cook & Foss, Brome; Hedge & Lyman, and George Bent, Montreal; Joseph E. Barrett, post-rider, Frelighsburg, and many other Druggists and Dealers threout the Province. Also at the Druggist Store in Frelighsburg.

19

Habed-Reference in the stranger to a brief extract, from one only for the stranger to a brief extract, from one of the stranger to a brief extract, from one of the stranger to a brief extract, from one of the stranger to a brief extract, from one of the stranger to a brief extract, from one of the stranger to a brief extract, from one of the stranger to a brief extract, from one of the stranger to a brief extract, from one of the stranger to a brief extract, from one of the

#### OLD ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscriber gratefully acknowledges the liberal patronage he has already received and begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he still continues to carry on the busi-

## CABINET WORK,

CHAIR-MAKING AND PAINTING.

n all its various branches; being supplied with full assortment of materials necessary for conducting the establishment, and having in all the above branches experienced workmen employed, who he unbesitatingly asserts, are equal if not superior to any in the Province.

The subscriber further intimates that he has on hand a general assortment of finished arti-cles in his line of business, which he would exchange for

#### LUMBER

or any kind of Country Produce. He has considerably reduced his former prices and intends making a still greater reduction, and hopes by strict attention, neatness and durability of work. manship, to merit a continuance of the patronage and support of a discerning public.

N. B. A liberal discount allowed for Cash. DAN B. GILBERT Philipsburg, June 2, 1835.

## PROSPECTUS

of the

Emigrant & Old Countryman. This Journal is devoted to the Domestic and

Local intelligence of ENGLAND, IRELAND SCOTLAND, and WALES. The origin and the history of the Emigrant and of the Old Countrymen are known to all our readers. The two papers were by mutual agreement of the readers. ment of the respective Proprietors united on the 7th of October last, and merged in one journal under the above title. The success so far has been highly flattering, and satisfies all the favourable expectations that were formed. At the period of the junction a great improvement was made, both in matter and manner of getting up, which the Proprietor has every reason to believe has met with the greatest approbation. The editorial management was consigned to A. D.

erary acquirements. His efforts have been crowned with success. The Emigrant and Old Countryman is intended for use of the numerous British residents upon this continent-its details consisting of all the local news of the three Kingdoms; the numerous occurrences in the Mining, Agricultural, and Manufacturing districts, as well as the mighty Metropolis of England. The Internal Improvements, the corporation proceedings of the different towns and cities, remarkable Trials, &c., are faithfully recorded; also the sporting intelligence, state of the Markets, list of Bankrupts and Insolvents, &c. &c., all arranged under distinct heads, and adapted to such British residents in

Paterson, Esq., a native of the Old Country,

and a gentleman of classical attainments and lit-

this country as cannot obtain access to the Eng. The politics of the Emigrant and Old Counts lish papers. ryman are liberal and impartial, and not warped

by any feeling of party spirit whatever.

It is published every Wednesday at No. 77
Cedar-street, New York, at Three Dollars per

annum payable in advance. The extensive circulation of the Emigrant and Old Countryman among people from the old country, renders it an excellent vehicle for land

and other advertisements, conveying information to persons lately arrived in this country.

The new volume commenced on the 6th ult., being the first Wednesday of the month.

The Proprietor and Editor return their hearty thanks to the public for the extraordinary patronage they have received, and pledge themselves that no efforts shall be wanting to render themselves worthy of it. As a proof of the rapidly extend-ing circulation of the united papers, we may state that in the first three months after the junction, say from the 7th of October to the 7th of January, Fourhundred and twenty four new subscri-

## THE LARGEST

PIHIS is not said in the spirit of vain boasting but because it can, with strict justice be declared of the PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY COURIER, which contains each week upwards of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY distinct articles, in prose and poetry. Literature -science-the arts-the latest foreign and domestic news—police reports—sporting intelligence— notice of new works—besides an immense fund of miscellaneous intelligence-the drama-marriages—deaths—price of produce, merchandise, stocks, &c.—engravings—internal improvements, rail roads, canals-travelling-agriculture, &c. &c. embracing every variety of topics that can possibly

be introduced into a public journal. The Philadelphia Saturday Courier now established for near five years, is, we believe, universally acknowledged to have the largest number of Subscribers,

20,000::

The largest variety of literature, entertainment and news, as well as being the largest and cheap est newspaper published in the United States. Notwithstanding its enormous dimensions, it is printed on a splendid Napier Steam Press, with unexampled rapidity; thus giving the account of sales markets and news to the latest dates.

The Philadelphia Saturday Courier is publish-

ed at the low price of 2 dollars. For this small sum subscribers get valuable and entertaining matter, each week, enough to fill a common book of 200 pages, and equal to fifty volumes a year, and which is estimated to be read weekly, by 150,000 to 200,000 people, scattered in all parts of the country, from Maine to Florida, and from

the seaboard to the Lakes.

TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS and upwards have already been expended by the publishers of the Saturday Courier in Literary prizes and in payment to American writers.—FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will shortly be offer. ed in PRIZES for enriching its columns, the promo-

tion of Knowledge, and the encouragement of American literature, of liberality believed to be unprecedented as their success has already been unexampled.

Orders, enclosing the address and amount 0 subscription and post paid, in all cases, will be arefully attended to, if addressed to

WOODWARD & CLARKE, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, Pa.

RECOMMENDATORY NOTICE. From the multitude of these, we refer the stranger to a brief extract, from one only for the spler of heavier.